HARRIS. One-Price, Square-Dealing, CLOTHIER, ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

MAIN STREET.

Tailoring fraternity seem to take exceptions to our remarks in former adverisements. Now, we have only this much to say: We do not wish to take the bread from the mouth of any person who is "chasing the nimble six pence," but we have no apologies to make for any remarks we have made and hereby announce we are willing and anxious to prove to anyone desirous of proof that our Tailor-Made Clothing, for Style and Fit, are ahead of any of the productions of the merchant tailors! who charge for good work and turn out a class of work inferior in fit, inferior in in style, inferior in all points that go to make a nobby, well-fitting and goodwearing suit of clothes. Sorry, very sorry, Gentlemen, to tread upon your corns, but you know we state the truth.

Among the novelties of this week's of two things especially "cheesy:" One a Black Diagonal Cheviot. Patch Pockets-very Procks, and if you want a neat suit greet with enthusiastic acclaim the advent of ballot reform. I remember the inaugurawithout taking chances of bankrupting yourself you cannot do better than on one of these. Another is a line of "Nigger Head" Cheviots. They are enough to make your mouth water, and you can't go astray if you buy one of

Those Fine Overcoats we have men tioned last as long in our stock as does "June frost in sheel." People can readi ly appreciate a good thing, and they find on examining the stocks shown here in town how far superior ours are to any that are shown. Those English Box Coats, Strap Seams and Nobby Flan ne Linings, are the "swell thing" just now They must be seen to be appreciated. We have just received one hundred them by express

We would like to add a word about our Children's Clothing. A very large excess of our sales has been on fine goods, leaving us over-stocked on cheap lines. In order to get this stock to its proper proportions we will for a week only offer cuts in low-priced goods. We name a few Specialties, which will be gobbled up at once, so take hold:

500 Pairs Children's Pants, 100 Suits Children's Clothing. 100 Suits Children's Clothing. 100 Suits Children's Clothing,

Not an article shown can be purchased elsewhere for anything like the price.

HARRIS The One-Price Clothien ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

MAIN STREET.

CLEVELAND'S PLATFORM.

The Democratic Leader Declares Himself Heartily in Favor of Ballot Reform.

The Fight for Pure Elections to End in a Great and Speedy Victory.

The Injustice of the Protective Tariff-Dangers Which Threaten the Nation From Intimidation

Boston, Dec. 12.-Over 400 prominent usiness men'of Boston and New England crowded the apartments of the Hotel Vendome this evening on the occasion of the annual banquet of the Boston Merchants' association. Around the table in the cen ter sat Hon. Jonathan A. Lane, president of the association; at his right were ex-President Cleveland and H. W. Grady, W. L. Putnam, P. A. Collins, John Lowell, Wm. E. Russell and Leopold Morse, while on the left were seated Gov. Oliver Ames, Andrew Carnegie, Gen. Clinton B. Fiske and Collector Saltonstall, all guests of the association. After reading a letter of regret from James Russell Lowell, President Lane proceeded in a brief speech and introduced Gov. Ames, who welcomed the guests of the occasion. President Lane then introduced ex-President Cleveland, who was greeted with long continued applause, shouts and

Mr. Cleveland dwelt on the injustice of fostering certain branches of trade at the expense of others by the means of a protective tariff, with the accompany ing evils of intimidation of labor by aggregate capital. From this he turned to the question of the dangers which threaten the ation from the intimidation and corruption of the voter. On this subject he said: 'We need not stifle our scorn and contempt for the wretch who basely sells his vote, and who for bribe betrays his trust of citizenship; and yet the thought will intrude itself that he but follows in a low and vulgar fashion the example of those who pro-ceed upon the theory that political action may be turned to private gain. But we know that when political selfishness is destroyed, our dangers will disappear,

and though the way to its stronghold may be long and weary, we will follow it, fighting as we go. There will be no surrender, nor will there be de-sertions from our ranks. This hope has risen like a star in the east, has fixed on it the gaze of our patiotic fellow countrymen, and everywhere in our busy marts of trade and on our farms, in our cities and in the homes of the poor, in our universities and in our workshops, in our banking houses and in the ranks of inexorable toil, they seen it grow and extend until it has become firmly established in our law and practice—it is to-day our greatest safeguard against the complete and dis-

sareguard against the compact and dis-graceful degradation of our public service. It has its enemies, and all of them are not yet silenced. But its victory came, wrought by the force of enlightened public sentiment, and upon its trial every objection which had been urged against it was com-pletely discredited. As it has been with civil service reform so will it be with ballot reform, except that the coming victory will e more speedily achieved and more com

Following Cleveland came Henry W. Grady, of Georgia, who was warmly re-Mr. Grady said he was invited to discuss the race problem. He said the south, the fairest and richest domain on the earth, is so scantily peopled that but 15 per cent of so scantily peopled that but 15 per cent of its lands are cultivated. The sons of New England seek with troubled eye some new eldorado, yet since 1860 the immigration of northerners to the south has been decreasing because of the race problem and the suspicions it breeds. Southerners are so beset with this problem that their very existence depends on its right solution. Replying to the imputation that the south treated the be imputation that the south tres the south raised 7,500,000 bales of cotton, which enormous crop could not have come from the hands of discontented labor. The negroes of Georgia, who twenty-five years go were slaves, now possess twenty million ollars worth of property. For every Afro-American agitator stirring strife, he could show a thousand negroes happy in their cabin homes, and with chil dren in school. It is admitted that there is disorder and violence, but it is misjudged. Lawlessness in Iowa is accept-ed as an accident, while that in the south is ascribed to race causes. The black will cast a free ballot when ignorance anywhere is not dominated by the will of the intelli-

gent. The whites are banded, not in preju-dice, but of necessity. The negro vote re mains an ignorant and credulous faction, the prey of the unscrupulousness of both parties, and plays a part in a campaign in parties, and plays a part in a campaign in which every interest of society is jeopardized and every approach to the ballot box debauched. Against such a campaign as this the southern whites are banded, as the this the southern whites are banded, as the Massachusetts whites would be in similar circumstances. In reply to challenge as to the alleged smallness of the southern vote, Mr. Grady said the sixteen southern states in 1888 cast 67 per cent of their total vote and the New England states but 63 per cent of theirs. The negro has learned that the ballot box, which promised him most, has yielded him least, and at last has realized that his best friends of the banded intelligence and responsibi

and at last has realized that his best friends and at last has realized that his best friends are his meighbors, with whose prosperity his own is bound up. It would be well for northern partisans to understand that the negro vote can never again control the south. If there be any human force which cannot be withstood, it is that of the handed intelligence and respectibility. ity of a free community. Upon south relies, not upon the cowardly menaci liberties to a federal election law, but never again will a single state, north or south, be again will a single state, north or south, be delivered to the control of an ignorant and inferior race. Time alone can tell how the problem presented will be solved. The speaker believed it would be solved by the people most bound in honor to its solution. He asked: "First, patience: out of this alone can come perfect work; second, confidence; in this alone can you judge fairly. Third, sympathy; in this you can help us best. Fourth, give us your sons as hostages that they may help to swell the Anglo-Saxon current until it can carry without danger this black infusion. Fifth, loyout danger this black infusion. Fifth, loyalty to the republic; for there is a sectionalism in loyalty as in estrangement. Give us the broad and perfect loyalty, that loves and trusts Georgia alike with Massachusetts,

that knows no south, no north, no east, no west, but endears with equal and patriotic

love every foot of our soil, every state of our

Andrew Carnegie was then introduced. Andrew Carnegie was then introduced. Prior to entering upon a discussion of his topic, he referred to Cleveland as one who history would declare had tried to do his duty, and who possesses the respect of the entire country, regardless of party. Carnegie then proceeded to a brief exposition of the wonderful progress made by this country during the past years in commerce, manufacturing and mining, declaring that in the last two industries she now leads the world, while her credit is first among the world, while her credit is first among the nations. Carnegie was followed by Hon. W. L. Putnam, late democratic candidate for governor of Maine, who spoke briefly.

FEDERATION OF LABOR.

President Compers' Report, Showing the

Boston, Dec. 12.-At yesterday's session of the Federation of Labor, President Gompers' report was read. There are affiliated with the American federation 3,800 local unions, and the membership is larger than in any organization in the world. The efforts to establish fraternal relations with and secure the co-operation of other labor organizations have met with success. The isolated policy pursued by the locomotive engineers has prevented the establishment of a federation of railway men. The conference with the Knights of Labor is still pending. Referring to the farmers' organizations, the report says all propositions received were from those employing farm laborers. The eight-hour question is rec-

ommended to the consideration of the committee, to be digested and reported.

In the matter of labor legislation the fed erations should formulate the legislation that labor demands and empower officials to take action. The necessity for a more strict enforcement of the alien contract labor law and the Chinese exclusion act is set forth. Special attention is called to the condition of coal miners.

At to-day's session the committee on the

report of the president reported in favor of a proposition to appoint a committee of seven, to which all matters relating to the seven, to which all matters relating to the eight-hour movement be referred, and also the holding of the international congress in the city in which the World's fair is held in 1832. The federation seeks a rigid enforcement of the contract labor laws and the Chinese exclusion act, and the agitation of ballot reform until all the states adopt the Australian system. The report was discussed and its recommendations referred. The re port of the committee on organization recommends that the executive council bring about the amalgamation of all the or-ganizations existing in any one trade, and in the case of unions affiliated with the fed-eration; that hereafter all conferences of officers of the federation with the officers of the Knights of Labor, relating to trade union organizations, or a mutual inter-change of working cards. The first was re-ferred to a special committee with instruc-tions to prepare an address to the people of America, stating plainly the trades union position of the federation, and the second was adopted.

was adopted.

Among the adopted resolutions were those calling for a revival of the labor press, urging the passage by other states of the Massachusetts employers' linkinity statute, and urging closer relations with the central labor unions. A motion to institute a political party was defeated.

THE CALIFORNIA FLOODS.

Lives Lost.

San Francisco, Dec. 12.-Water in the Sacramento river has reached the highest point ever known, but the indications are that the rain storm of the past two weeks is over, and it is expected the water will recede soon. Much damage has been done at points north of Sacramento, particularly in | publicans. the vicinity of Colusa, Red Bluff, Redding, Chico and Marysville. The levees have broken in scores of places and the country flooded. Farmers in many places have had to move their families and stock to high grounds for safety. Bridges were swept away or seriously damaged, and numerous washouts have occurred on the railroad lines. A few casualities are reported. A farmer living near Durham, while attempting to remove his wife and four chileren in

ADRIFT ON THE OCEAN.

An Unfortunate Australian on the Sca in an Open Boat.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 .- David Dillon, of the firm of of Funch, Edie & Co., and formerly the champion oarsman of Australia, is adrift on the Atlantic ocean in a small boat. Yesterday afternoon, while being towed behind on incoming boat, the line parted. When last seen he was being driven to sea before

The only chance Dillon had was to make Sandy Hook lightship. If he made the lightship he is safe; if not, he is either drowned or at sea in an open boat, with no provisions and with slow death staring him in the face. Dillon came originally from Australia, and before the days of Searle he was the champion sculler of that country. He defeated Kemp, who afterwards made such a game fight with Searle. A tugboat was chartered this morning and is now look-

Mrs. Scott Lord's Funeral. Washington, Dec. 12.-Funeral services were held over the remains of Mrs. Scott Lord this morning at the Church of the Incarnation. The president and Mrs. Harrison and other relatives followed the casket. Vice President and Mrs. Morton, Secretaries Blaine, Proctor, Tracy and Rusk and their families and a number of prominent persons occupied the pews. The interment was at Rock Creek cemetery. Utica, N. Y., Dec. 12.—The funeral of Justus H. Rathbone took place this morn-ing. A large number of Knights of Pythias

The Queen's Congratulations.

LONDON, Dec. 12.-The queen has sent a cable dispatch to Stanley in which she says: "My thoughts are with you and your brave followers, whose hardships and dangers are cluding the natives who displayed such de-votion and fortitude during your marvelous expedition. I trust Emin is making favor-

able progress."

The corporation of London has invited Stanley to accept the freedom of the city. The ceremony of presentation will take place in Guild hall. The parchment conferring citizenship on Stanley will be en-closed in a gold casket.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Edward Bradley, more commonly known as Cuthbert Bede, is dead. A dispatch from Venice says Browning, the poet, died last night. E. E. Dickerson, the great patent lawyer, lately leading counsel for the Bell Tele-phone company, died last night.

A GLOVE TOURNAMENT.

Both Shepley and Clawson Feel Sure Winning the Coming Fight.

LIVINGSTON, Dec. 12,-[Special.-Next Saturday night, Dec. 14, the rauch talked of The Association of Northwestern fifty-round glove contest between Frank Shepley, of Helena, the lightweight champion of Montana, and C. K. Classon, a Livingston champion, will take place in this city. The fight is for \$250 and championship of Montana. Two ounce gloves are to be used, and it is generally understood and believed that the fight will be no farce. Sheriff Templeton and City Marshal Young have expressed their belief that they have no right to interfere under the arrangements of the match and the contest probably means a knockout for one of the two champions, as nobody be lieves it will last fifty rounds.

Shepley is in training at Boseman. It is said he is in good condition, and is so con fident of victory that he has already ar ranged for an oyster and wine supper for his friends upon his return to that city after the fight. Clawson, the Lavingston champion, is in training in this city. Your correspondent visited his quarters over W. F. Shear's gun store this afternoon. He was vigorously pounding the bag, skipping rope etc., and showed himself to be very active and a hard hitter, especially with his right. Clawson is not afraid to meet Shepley, but on the contrary seems anxious to do so, and is certainly confident that he will win.

There will be a large attendance from surrounding towns. A special train will arrive from Bozeman Saturday night, and it is said a number of Shepley's Helena friends will be present at the fight. On the whole, the fight promises to be a good one. Livingston sports generally expect Clawson to surprise the present lightweight champion, and will place their money freely upon the issue, fully believing, as many do, that Shepley will be defeated. Dave Kennedy, Clawson's backer and one of the prime movers of the contest, is now in Helena, but is expected here to-night.

ANOTHER DEMOCRATIC VICTORY. Chicago Shows Its Faith in the Party of Progress.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.-The most important ocal election probably ever held in Chicago took place to-day. It was to decide the control of the newly created board of nine waterway commissioners, the members of which are to have the raising and disbursing of funds estimated at from \$15,000,000 to \$30,000,000, to be used in carrying out the great Chicago drainage and ship canal project, which will necessitate the employ-ment for an indefinite, paids of from terto fifteen thousand men. Cumulative voting permitted, and the democrats and republicans each nominated but five men, the aim being to secure a majority of the board. A "citizens" or independent ticket was afterwards put in the field, with six names, three of the latter being dem crats and three republicans. At midnight the returns from about half the precincts indicate the election of the six independ-ents, and that the three remaining places will fall to the democrats. On this basis the board, which promises to play an important part in Illinois politics, will stand three straight democrats, three independent democrats and three independent re-

LIVINGSTON NEWS.

Hard Cases Ordered to Leave Town-Court House Site.

LIVINGSTON, Dec. 12.-[Special.]-Several idle men received letters to-day signed 3-7-77, notifying them, by the authority of the executive committee to leave the town within forty-eight hours or the said committee yould be bound to act according to the laws of the order. Nobody seems to be very much frightened, however, and no attention will probably be paid to the threets.

The county commissioners yesterday selected a site for the new court house on the north side of the railroad track and instructed the county attorney to secure the transfer and report at the next meeting of the board.

of the board.

The uniform rank of the Knights of Pythias will give a grand ball and banquet Christmas eve. No effort is being spared to make the affair a grand success, and it promises to be the social event of the senson.

In Leedom's care, and make all settlements with his predecessor.

Senator Casey, of North Dakota, and Representative Snider, of Minnesota, are old friends, and each will help the other in matters of legislation. Senator Casey is more interested in irrigation now than all the other matters that have been brought to the other

DODGEVILLE, Wis., Dec. 12.-A man here supposed to be Cooney, the Cronin suspect, confessed that he was the man. A detective is expected here from Chicago this evening and will take him back.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—Chief of Police Hubbard when shown the dispatch from Dodge ville, Wis., stating the man supposed to be Cooney had confessed, and that a detective would start with him to Chicago, pro-nounced it to be a canard. No corroborative evidence has been received here.

Slugged and Robbed. COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Dec. 12.-A sensa-

tion was created to-night when George Manker, a prominent miller of this city, was found on his doorstep about dusk, in a dazed condition and almost unconcious, his face and head bleeding, and showing signs of having been pounded. He has been missing since morning, and it is thought he was slugged by some unknown person and robbed. A gold watch valued at \$300, and numerous checks are missing. There is no clue to the miscreants, and Manker is still in a dazed condition.

Charged with Theft,

Missoula, Dec. 12.-[Special.]-Deputy Lodge for a hearing. Five hundred and seventy dollars of the money was obtained from a woman who was traveling with Hill. She had the money sewed up in her dress and for a time refused to produce it, but

and one-half furlongs, making it in 1:21%. country.

NATIONAL CAPITAL-NEWS.

States Liable to Take in Minnesota and Nebraska.

entire gate receipts and the lightweight Bill to Create a New District of the United States Circuit Court.

> Mr. Carter Coyly Declines an Honor He Cannot Have-General Washing-

Washington, Dec. 12 .- [Special,]-The Northwestern association held another eeting to-night, which was attended by nators Moody, Pierce, Casey, Squire, Allen, Hearst, Dolph, Stewart and Teller and Representatives Pickler, Carter, Morrow, Clunie, Townsend, Dubois and Casey. A ommittee was appointed to consider the advisability of inviting other states to join in the association, a plea being made by Senator Pierce for Minnesota and by Senator Moody for Nebruska. It was claimed that considering the northwest Minnesota should be surely recognized. A committee was appointed to consider and define the geographical lines and report. An adjournent was taken to next Wednesday, when a permanent organization will be perfected. A committee was also appointed to procure, possible, better quarters, it being the desire of many to give the association some of the features of a club. Senator Teller, who attended the meeting for the first time. said he believed in it, and that the very idea that this great section was working together would give the men of that section greater influence in congress. It is probable that the Minnesota members will be asked to join, and in all probability the North Star state will participate in the or-

The Circuit Court District,

Senator Davis' bill creating a new district of the United States circuit court was read in the senate to-day and went to the committee on judiciary. The bill proposes to divide the Eighth district, over which Judge Brewer has presided, and create the Tenth district, to include Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, The terms of court are to be held the same as at present, except that two terms are provided for in Minneapolis, one on the first Monday in February and one on the second Monday in September. Cases now pending are to be settled by the judge who heard them.

A dispatch from Helena, Mont., to the efdidate for United States senator from the new state, caused some talk in Washington. as the Montana congressman has already gained a reputation here. Mr. Carter, when shown the dispatch, said: "I have been elected and agreed to serve the state of Montana in this house until March 4. 1891, and I have no desire to do otherwise I am not a candidate for the senate."

Working for Kreidler.

The commissioner of the general land office to-day recommended Capt. E. A. Kreidler, of Miles City, Mont., for chief of the pre-emption division of the general land office. Capt. Kreidler was formerly the pre-land office. Capt. Kreidler was formerly chief of this division, end was afterwards a land officer at Miles City. Representative Carter has been working in Capt. Kreidler's

Representative Carter is of the opinion that there is a way out of the difficulty aris ing over the Silcott defalcation. He tried to introduce a resolution to-day, but Speaker Reed thought it was time the house should adjourn, and saw only Maj. McKinley who made the necessary motion. Mon-day Mr. Carter will introduce his resolu-tion, instructing the new sergeant-at-arms to take charge of all the property formerly in Leedom's care, and make all settlements with his predecessor.

up. His position on the irrigation commit-tee of the senate will enable him to do some good work for his state.

Assistant Secretary Chandler, of the inte-rior department, in a decision to-day modi-fied the decision of the land office of Fargo fied the decision of the land office of Fargo in the case of Sinert Olson and Knudt A. Nipstad, grantee. Olson's entry had been held for cancellation under a rule which re-quired the claimant to make new proof, alleging irregularity. The evidence shows alleging irregularity. The evidence shows that Olson's proof is satisfactory, except for

an irregularity. The case is submitted to the board of equitable adjudication.

A man from Idaho made the statement the other day that he had \$3,000 to spend among the newspaper men of Washington in the interest of Idaho's admission. Delegation of the control of the case of the cas gate DuBois was asked who he was, and said he did not know, but added: "There are several blank asses from Idaho in Washington, but I hope to have Idaho admitted

At Work on the Tariff.

The first session of the ways and means committee was held this morning. The present tariff law was ordered printed in the shape of a bill to serve as a basis for the preparation of a new tariff measure. The following sub-committee was appointed: On the public debt, the funding and payment thereof, McKinley, Dingley and Carlisle; on revenue provisions and comme treaties, Butler, Payne and Mills; Sheriff Stebbins, of Deer Lodge, arrived here to-day, and will take the man Hill, who was arrested here last night charged with the theft of \$600 in Anaconda, to Deer claims, Dingley, Burrows and Flower.

To Register the Chinese,

Some of the California delegation are in favor of adopting some method to prevent the illegal immigration of Chinamen across finally produced the amount above stated. | the Canadian border. It is proposed to issue certificates to every Chinaman who is Broke the Record.

Ngw Ohleans, Dec. 12.—In the races here to-day Somerset broke the record for six

see certificates to every Chinaman who is enumerated in the census which will be made out next June. After the expiration of six months every Chinaman found without a certificate is to be sent out of the

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Bills Introduced in the Senate-Butter worth Wants an Investigation.

Washington, Dec. 12.-In the senate to day after some unimportant routine business the introduction of bills was resumed. Butler introduced a bill providing for the emigration of persons of color from the southern states, and Stewart presented a free coinage bill.

Among the other bills introduced was one by Gorman, for an international exposition at the national capital in 1892.

Gibson offered a resolution (which was referred to the committee on foreign rela-tions) instructing the committee to inquire into the expediency and practicability of acquiring or setting apart a territory for the use of negro or colored citizens of the United States, and also, to inquire how far and in what manner the government of the United States can and ought equitably to aid the freedmen of the United States, their families and descendants, to emi-grate thereto, and settle thereon, and establish a system of common school edu-tion. Ingalis offered concurrent resolutions (which went over) for a holiday recess of the two houses from December 19 to January 6. Under resolutions offered by Aldrich and Platt, the following changes in committees were agreed to: The appointment of a select committee of fifteen senators to be called the quadro-centennial committee; the increase of the committees on immigra-tion, coast defenses, mines and mining, and

The House.

Mr. Butterworth brought up the famous Ohio ballot-box contract, which figured so conspicuously in the last campaign, by offering a resolution reciting that, of the persons whose names appear on said paper, all except one were at the time of said pubon members of either the house or senate; that said exception was S. S. Cox, deceased; and requiring that a committee of five be appointed to investigate the matter. The resolution further said that if the contract was genuine, the signers were unfit

contract was genuine, the signers were unfit to sit in congress.

The report of the Silcott committee gives a detailed statement of the assets and liabilities of the office to Dec. 5. The shortage is placed at \$70,708,96. It states that the committee have not yet made sufficient investigation of the matter of discounts and notes. Many of the notes, the committee hallow, were forced to cover a defalve. tee believe, were forged to cover a defalca-tion already existing. The committee de-clare that the manner in which the sergeantcannot be too severely condemned. A reso fect that Representative Carter was a canouse its conclusions as to the effect of any cit of cash in the office of the sergean at-arms.

The committee says in closing: "It appears that a portion of the cash under the control of Silcott has not been counted during the six years of Mr. Leedom's incumthe six years of Mr. Leedom's incum-bency, by another person than Silcott, and it does not appear that Silcott counted the cash, or that Leedom ever asked for a count until the evening of the 5th instant, when the deficiency appeared. Mr. Leedom seems to have exercised no careful supervision of the interests committed to his

Payson, of Illinois, immediately upon the conclusion of the reading of the report of tered a resolution authorizing the commit tee to examine the accounts, and take charge of all the assets of the office until further orders from the house, receive any proposal from Leedom for making good any deficiency, and also make a full report as to the effect of any deficiency. There as to the effect of any deficiency. There was a protracted debate over this regarding was a protracted debate over this regarding the responsibility of the sergeant-at-arms, and whether he act-ing as the agent of the members or of the treasury department, and the opinions expressed were conflicting. Fi-nally Bontelle of Maine, offered a substi-tute resolution directing the committee to record as to the effect or result of any report as to the effect or result of any iciency, and especially as to unpaid salaries to members, accompanying the report with a bill, if necessary. This was adopted, as was also one offered by Hemphil, of South Carolina, directing Sergeant-at-arms Holmes to arrange with the treasury de-partment for the payment of the mileage of the members.

the members, Brower, of North Carolina, introduced a bill for the repeal of the tax on tobacco in all its forms; referred. Wilkinson, of Lou-isiana, announced the death of his col-league, Gay, of the third Louisiana district. and as a mark of respect the house ad-journed until Monday.

House Appropriations Committee

The house appropriations committee met this morning and completed its organization. The following sub-committees were appointed: Sundry civil, Cannon, Cagswell, McComas, Randall and Sayers: Legislative, etc., Butterworth, Connor, Brewer. Forney and Dockery; District of Columbia, McComas. Henderson, Morrow, Clements and Dockery; Pensions, Morrow, Belden, Peters, Sayers and Breckinride; Fortifica-tions, Brewer, Butterworth, Cogswell, Randall and Sayers; Deficiencies, Henderson, Cannon, Peters, Breckinridge and Clements;

National Capital Votes. The senate has confirmed the nomination of Green B. Raum, of Illinois, as commis-

The following postmasters were appointed to-day in Washington; Mrs. J Briscoe, Crysterville, Pacific county; Mrs. E. Terpenring, Prescott, Walla Walla county, Oregon—D. D. Levens, Galesville, Donglas county. North Dakota—Mrs. E. Strach, S

ty. Oregon—D. D. Levens, Galesville, Donglas county. North Dakota—Mrs. E. Straub, Straubville, Sargent county. The senate committee on commerce held i's first meeting this morning and subcommittees were appointed. The committee on Indian affairs also held its first session to-day. All bills on the subject of Indian depredations were sent to the new sub-committee on that subject.

Opinm Smugglers Caught, TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 12.-Bill Easton and Jack Powers, the chiefs of an opium smuggling gang, and a Northern Pacific conduca confederate, were arrested to day by revenue officers. Two hundred and fifty taels of opium were found in their possession. The capture is regarded as a very important one.

The American Sugar Co. Had their Plans Ready for Making a

The Kansans Bit Eagerly, but For-

Rich Haul.

Lose Much Frightful Experience of Passengers on a

tunately They Will Not

Canada Pacific Train in the Mountains.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 12 .- The great sugar swindle planned by the American Sugar Co. has entirely collapsed, and the townships which voted bonds to foster the industry will lose nothing. All the bonds, \$9,000 in amount, voted in Meade county, have been cancelled and the scrip issued by the various townships in Clarke county has been destroyed excepting \$15,000 voted by the tion, coast defenses, mines and mining, and public buildings and grounds to nine members each; of the committee on Indian depredations to seven members; of the committee on postoffice and post roads, territories, public lands and pensions to ten members, and the continuance during the present seasion of the select committee on irrigation.

Dolph offered a resolution (which was referred to the committee on library) instructing the committee on library) instructing the committee on library instructing the committee to inquire into the advisability of the erection in Washington of a memorial hail, at which shall be received and retained such statutes and portraits of public men and eminent citizens of the United States, and such historical paintings and other works of art, as may be provided by law. After the executive session the senate adjourned till Monday.

The House. destroyed excepting \$15,000 voted by the

Suspended Over an Abyss. WINNIREO, Dec. 12 .- A citizen just arrived from the Pacific coast tells of a thrillng accident to the Canadian Pacific through express in the mountains. A rail gave way at a point on the mountain side high above the Columbia river. The engine passed over safely, but the two coaches following swung about and topped over. The bank was almost perpendicular, and the cars would have tumbled several hundred feet into the river had it not been that the coupling twisted around and held the tremendous weight. There were two cars, one with the two cars, one with its load of passengers, suspended over the abyas, the weight of the engine and the balance of the train alone preventing the suspended cars drawing the whole train down. The suspense was dreadful. The frightened passengers were compelled to remain in their perilous position until the train hands built a platform around and underneath the hanging cars, enabling all to make their escape. The place where the accident occurred is considered the most dangerous in the mountains.

THAT COLD WAVE. It is a Thousand Miles Wide and of Lon

Duration. St. Paul, Dec. 12.-The signal service observer reports a cold wave approaching from the north, more than a thousand miles wide. This evening, at 8 p. m., all of the territory north of Montana, Dakota and most of Minnesota had a temperature from 2 to 14 degrees below zero. At Medicine Hat the mercury stood this evening at 16 degrees below zero; at Prince Albert, 14 below; at Minnedosa, 10 below; at St. Vin-cent, 6 below. The barometer is very high to the northward, and that is the evidence the wave will be of considerable duration.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

A man-of-war, flying the New Brazilian flag, is in American wuters. Owing to a strike among the printers at Berne, Switzerland, several papers were compelled to suspend publication.

Despite the amnesty declared in Crete, twenty Christians were recently brought be-fore the authorities in chains and beaten It is believed Joseph G. Dillman, the wellknown retired paper manufacturer, of Philadelphia, was drowned in the Schuylkill river last night.

The miners in the Saarbrucken district, Germany, have decided to strike. Those in the Louis, Euthal and Von der Heydt pits

struck yesterday. The treasurer of the Irish National League yesterday cabled \$15,000 to the treasurer of the Irish League for the use of the tenant's defense fund.

The international chess tourney between Canada and the United States, conducted by correspondence, has been won by the Americans, the score standing 31½ games to

Bank Examiner Griffith took charge Bank Examiner Griffith took charge of the suspended First National Bank of Abi-lene, Kansas, yesterday. He authorizes the statement that the assets will pay depositors in full.

in full. Laura Stiver, a seven-year-old girl was assulted in Tennessee yesterday by a white man named Will Cardin. A posse caught him last night and after identification lynched him.

Emin Pasha had a restless night last night, disturbed by frequent severe parox-ysms of coughing. He is unable to swallow solid food. His bruises continue very pain-ful. Otherwise his condition is unchanged.

A Pioneer Press special from Brown's Valley, Mich., says the Sisseton Indians began signing the treaty opening the reservation to day. It is believed beyond a doubt a sufficient number will sign to carry this measure through.

ure through.

The report that Gen. Sickles' daughter had eloped with a bartender, was a mistake. The lady referred to was probably Gen. Sickles' half-sister, a daughter of his father's second wife. Gen. Sickles' daughter is in Spain, and been for some years.

Julius Schutte, a well known money lender and real state was of Minnsapolis, has

er and real estate man, of Minneapolis, has been arrested. He was indicted by the last grand jury for forgery and for complicity in the alleged crime of J. Frank Collom, tried a short time ago.

Influenza is spreading throughout Germany. The administration of justice in the courts is suspended because all the judges are down with the epidemic. It is proposed to close all the schools, especially at Dantzic, where half the children are affected.

A proud mother in Merced, Cal., owns a 4-months-old baby that weighs twenty-six pounds and has cut four teeth.